

# Your IP Gateway to China Market

- A perspective from WTOIP

www.wtoip.com



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Process map to realize your idea

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Technology showcase of successful stories

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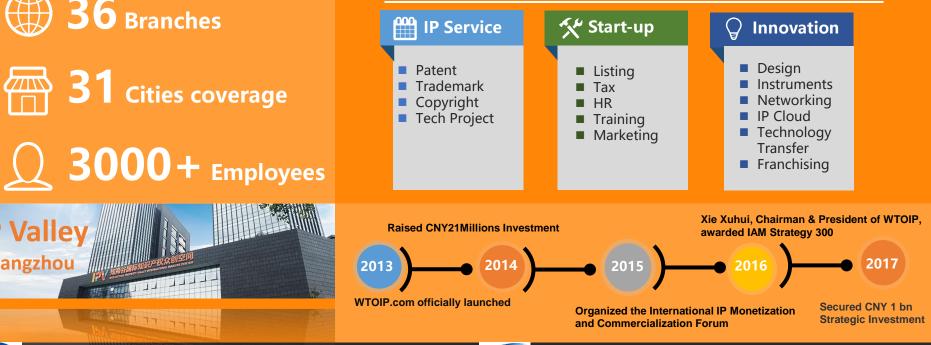
# Introduction

36 Branches



#### Most Innovative Company in China 2017

#### **WTOIP** Your IP Gateway to China Market





**IP Valley** 

Guangzhou

Chairman unit, IP Chapter, China General Chamber of Commerce





#### **Startup Biz in China**

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#### **Open Innovation**

 What's New
 Updates & News
 Techshowcase Recommended
 Experts & Specialists
 R&D Support Services
 Bids & Tenders

#### -- Inno Hub

About Us
My Showroom
Contact Us





Alexa Site ranking: **Top 100 (Top 1 in IP sector)** Registered members: **1.07 million** Trading volume: **USD1.7 billion** 

# Transnational Brainpower from WTOIP

# **One Stop Solution**

### China Market

#### International Business Center (IBC), WTOIP

Together with WTOIP Academy, of which composed more than 40 experts in various industrial background, IBC offer one-stop solution to those dedicate to realize its IP and related commercial value in China market by means of technology transfer partnership build-up sourcing and distribution, that supported by local governments policies and investor financing

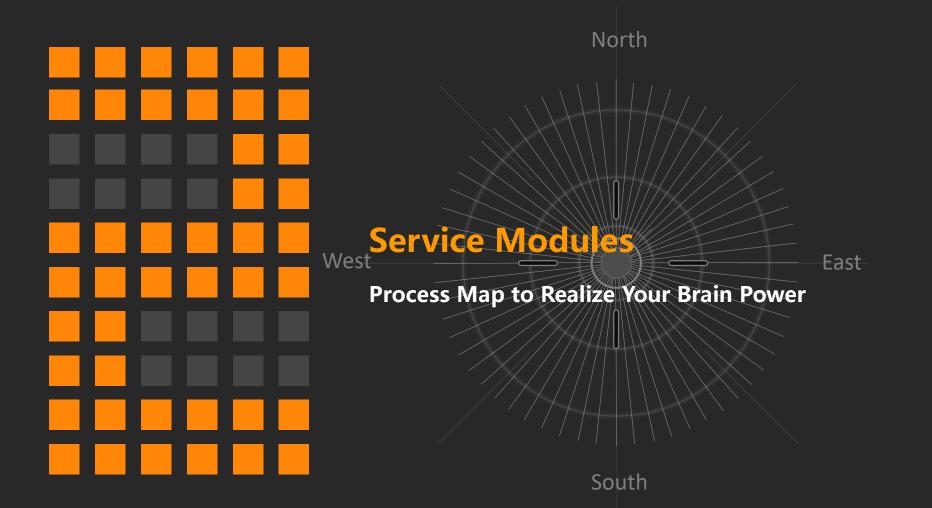


### WTOIP's Publications

Guangzhou Index, China IP 2015

IP Operation: Touch The Future







WTOIP offering IP listings since 2009



Patent of invention (30 months)
 Utility models patent (10 months)
 Design patent (6 months)
 (\*) normal application time that could be cut short by Speeding up formalities



Application time from 7 to 12 months



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III MESSEA	美萨	MESSEA	美萨
<b>ROCHARGE &gt;&gt; 0:</b> 23. NATURA KRAND, ROMANNA, RY (RA. NK (AN. 800, 375, NY (RA. RY (RA))	RECEIRANT IA. An alam chica and in metallism such alam ar any nome. Sole in Ac.	教会堂市井山田 (* 男) - 1911 - 184-191 - 1923-1911 - 1923-1944 - 1923 - 192	<b>UERTRALS + 8:</b> 1011 DER TRANSFOR SKEDER AMERIKA AMERIKA DE 19 DER AMERIKASI DERIMI (M.)
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#### **IP crash course**

#### Patents

» rewarding your industrial
 R&D efforts (inventions) by granting
 » a territorial monopoly, for a set period

#### Trademarks

» prohibiting third-parties from using
your name or brand (sign)
» in the protected territory, for a set – renewable – period

#### Copyrights

rewarding your literary, musical & artistic creation by granting you
 the exclusive right to publish, reproduce and record in 168 countries

#### **Designs & Models**

» prohibiting third-party from imitating the design or look of your products
 » in the protected territory, for a set period

#### **One product – many IP rights**

- **Design** for phone shape
- Trade Mark "SAMSUNG"
- **Copyright** software, ringtones & images
- Patent for technology to produce and operate. Some pooled or cross-licensed,
   others kept exclusive
- **Trade secret** some technical know-how kept "in- house" and not published

#### **Current Chinese IP environment**

- NOT friendly to IP rights owner, comparatively.
- "Low" level of infringement direct copying; fake products that do
- not work.
- Large volume of filings mainly driven by government policies superficial boost.
- IP theft directed to foreign entities not registering in China is common
- Pharma inventions mainly directed to method of manufacturing.
- Many new technologies developed in China.

### Forms of patent in China

Form	Subject matter			
Invention patent (IN)	All non-excluded technical solutions, including product and method			
Utility model (UM)	All non-excluded technical solutions only in the form of product			
Design patent	Aesthetic feature of product			



#### What are the consequences of NOT filing in China?

- Save costs
- Free license to anyone in China to do whatever they like with your IP
- Fuel IP squatting
- Effective way to stop IP squatting file in China claiming priority

#### Process to acquire patent in China

#### Application

- Specification with FULL disclosure (for invention patent and utility), or figures showing the product (design)
- Claims/figures legal "fence"
- Seek professional advice

Prosecution (substantive examination, for invention patent only)

- Novelty, inventiveness, industrial applicability Clarity, support, sufficiency
- Extension of content is not allowed

Issuance and maintenance

#### NOT Simple

# Ø

#### Patent application issues - translation

#### Translation

 – CN102076248A, "at least one dimension is smaller" became "one dimension is at least smaller"

- CN1160526C, "hand-held power tool" became "hand-feed power tool"
- Careless choice of words (terminating became stopping; quantity became number; convex surface became protruding surface)
- Missing half sentence/words; additional words; "or" became "and";

"concentration" became "content"

No way to correct such errors after grant

Ø

#### **Enforcement in China – routes and characteristics**

Route	Advantages	Disadvantages	
Civil actions at the People's Court	<ul> <li>Unlimited compensation</li> <li>Capability to handle complex issues</li> <li>Nation wide enforcement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Relatively high costs</li> <li>Relatively time consuming</li> <li>Issues on forum shopping</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SAIC – State Administratio</li> <li>on Industry and Commerce</li> <li>SIPO – State Intellectual</li> <li>Property Office</li> <li>NCA – National Copyright</li> <li>Administration</li> <li>AQSIQ – Administration for</li> <li>Quality Supervision,</li> <li>Inspection and Quarantine</li> </ul>
Administrative measures (SAIC, SIPO, NCA, Customs, AQSIQ)	•Low costs •Fast	<ul> <li>No compensation (remedies limited to confiscation of goods and/or fine)</li> <li>Unwilling to handle complex matter (esp. invention patent and utility model)</li> <li>Localized enforcement → protectionism</li> </ul>	
Criminal enforcement	<ul> <li>No official costs</li> <li>Very intimidating sanction (imprisonment)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Limited to commercial scale piracy/counterfeiting</li> <li>For patent, limited to passing off •High evidentiary threshold</li> </ul>	

#### Litigation statistics and trends

#### <u>China is pro-patentee – about 80% chance of winning</u>

- Previous
- Low compensation (over 95% statutory damages, on average RMB50,000 [about GBP5,890])
- Low legal fees awarded (about RMB15,000 [about GBP1,770])
- Current trend
- Much higher compensation
- Much higher legal fees awarded

Attractive to litigate in China

#### **Project Benchmark**



#### Technology Readiness Level (TRL)

≥7 System prototype demonstration in an operational environment
 # Medicine and medical instrument: Phase 2

#### **Financing stage**

>Angel wheel Preferred

#### Business performance Sales record *Preferred* Net profit *Preferred* # Help convince functional capability of the business model

#### Patent (IP)

≥1 Strongly advised

#### Academic background

Preferred, Especially the ones from credible universities, institutes, MNCs with papers been published

#### **China activities**

The full disclosure is *welcomed* 

#### Technology category Hard technoloogy Preferred

Content innovation Not Preferred

Non-standardized production technology *Not Preferred* 

Standard Technology/product applied to other products to enhance its function or financial performance by quantity measurement *Preferred* 

Technology could make into product without applied to other products to function and offers a unique market positioning *Preferred* 

Platform with s/h ware Preferred

- Partner: Stock listed level companies and investors with industrial resources
- Form: Tech Licensing (Exclusive) /Equity/Joint Venture

Matchmaking



# IP Analysis

#### IP Analysis of the Technology

- Technology Patent Analysis:
   Existence of patent protection
  - Existence of patent protect
  - Basic info of the patent
- Chinese Patent Analysis in Relevant Industries:
  - Qty of similar patents
  - Licensing trend of the patent application
  - Major patent
- ✓ Technology Analysis on Major Patent

#### Your IP deployment

#### A Sample

1、

#### **IP Status in China**

1 Patent (Invention)

Status: Pending

		以低质量副产物气体操	作燃料电池系统的方法	去	
題录信息 🗙				_	
申请号	CN201280060219.X		申请日	2012.12.06	
公开(公告)号	CN104025357A		公开(公告)日	2014.09.03	
专利类型	发明专利		頒证日		
申请人	德尔福技术有限公司		申请人地址	美国密歇根州	
发明(设计)人	M·G·格里夫		说明书页数	12	
主分类号	H01M8/06(2006.01)I		分案申请	无	
分类号	H01M8/06(2006.01)I;H01M8/04(2006.01)I		国际申请	2012-12-06 PCT/US2012/068064	13
优先积号	2011.12.09 US 13/315,448		国际公布	2013-06-13 WO2013/086067 EN	
国省代码	美国;US		进入国家日期	2014.06.06	-
专利代理机构	上海专利商标事务所有限公司 31100		代理人	张欣	1.3
最新法律状态	实质审查的生效		法律状态更新时间	2014.12.24	

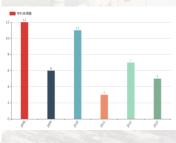
#### 2、摘要及附图 🕿

一种以含燃料成分的副产物气体操作燃料电池系统的方法。燃料电池系线包括用于形成重整流的燃料重整器、用于把热能提供绘燃料重整器的燃烧器、以及燃料电池叠层。该方法包括下列步骤:用气体燃 /提纯器把副产物气体分离成提纯气体流和剩余流、把提纯气体流微入跟置成转换提纯气体流以产生重整流的燃料重整器、以及把剩余气体流微入燃烧器,燃烧器配置成把热量提供给燃料重整器。提纯气体流 /适比剩余气体流中的浓度高的优选燃料成分以及比剩余气体流中的浓度私的污染物。

申请人专利量排行







Client's IP status

#### Tech definition



Key tech tributes comparison

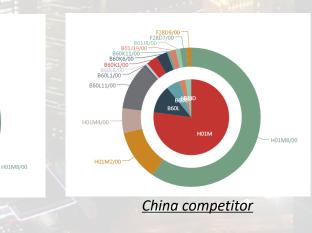
H01M

Client

C04B41/00 C04B38/00 04B35/00 101M其他一

#### **Core-competitiveness**

- All solid state chemical power generation
- Idling fuel consumption is reduced by as much as **85%**
- Chemical energy (intermediate, high temperature) is converted into electrical energy
- Exhaust emissions are below federal regulations
- Radiation noise level is less than 60 dB



- Technology maturity
- TRL 9
- 2009 start the research
- 2013 Project finished



#### and the second second

- General Technology Profile
   ✓ Basic Definition of the Technology (Based on the tech profile provided)
- Technology Features (Based on the tech profile provided)
- ✓ Technology Application

# Development Trend of Technology Development History and Status Quo of the Technology

Technology life cycle analysis (The technology life cycle diagram subject to patent)
 Development trend forecast

Technology Advanced Level Comparison

# Is there a technical advantage in China?

#### Basic Market Analysis



Your connection with local partners

- Key Market Data and Segmentation Analysis: Identifying the potential customers and applied industries and introduction of PEST (political, economic, social and technological) factors
- ✓ Market Size (Both in volume and in value)
- Market Competition (Analysis on major competitors and their products, as well as the competitive advantage of the subject technology)

#### ■ Partners Shortlist& Key Partner Profile

- ✓ Basic Info(Corporation Name/Website /Telephone)
- Organization Profile(Facility Sq Meter /Employee Number/Annual Turnover/Fixed Asset)
- Staff Profile(Engineer Number/Manager Number/Worker Number /English processing capability /English speaking personals number)
- Equipment& QC (Major Equipment/Major inspection equipment)
- R&D Capacity( The lab or research institute status/The number of R&D staff/The software and hardware adopted)

华清能源

Certification(ISO/CE/UL/TUV/ROHS/Others)

#### Sample

- Application Market
- Market Segment: Automobile/Pollution control/Energy production
   Example
- Examples
- Power generation and standby power supply system (mobile communication base station reserve power)
- ✓ Household energy (household fuel cell electric power generation system)
- Mobile power supplies (Mini CD players, laptops, camcorders)
- Transportation (Honda, FCX, Charity, TOYOTA, FCV)
- Defense use (fuel unmanned aerial vehicle)



Potential Partners (Partial)

#### HALDOR TOPSØE 🔳

CORNING



A full name list of potential partners with contact info would be provided in the end





#### The technology does not fit for development in China

WTOIP offers a full list of major competitors' contact info (included company name, website address telephone) and predominant expo/fairs/association' s contact info) simultaneously. WTOIP does not take task of doing the contact for the follow-ups.



#### The technology fits for development in China

WTOIP associate with the potential partner by client' s sanction. The partner sourcing would refer Industrial ranking list as well as other available resources and recommend <u>3 candidates</u> with 1st version report. If the candidate talking is not finalized with agreement upon the cooperation, WTOIP would offer<u>another 3 in next</u> <u>quarter</u> and maximum we can offer is 12 in total within one year. (The exact number of the candidate would be decided by the actual number in related industry). A talk with each candidate would be hold by tele-conference while this service contract would be terminated when the suitable partner(s) be matched and WTOIP would signed a new contract for project implementations.

If the matching is not finished within one-year-service contact, WTOIP offers a full list of major competitors' contact info (included company name, website address telephone) and predominant expo/fairs/association' s contact info) for client' s self-searching.



For Marketing and Purchasing pathway, WTOIP would offer separate service kits

#### WHAT DOES TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER MEAN ?

#### **TECH TRANSFER: A TYPE OF IP EXPLOITATION COVERING :**

- IP licensing (exclusive or non exclusive): however an exclusive licensee without exclusive right of exploitation cannot prevent IP owner from exploiting by himself

- Communication of know how: requires sophisticated agreements and procedures
- Combined transfers: beware specific conditions for each component
   A CODIFIED FORM OF ACQUIRING AND/OR LEVERAGING RESULTS OF R&D
   INVESTMENTS

A written agreement where the owner (Transferor) allows a third party (Transferee) to access and use its technology (protected or not by Intellectual Property, e.g. patents, trademarks, copyrights, designs) under specific conditions, in exchange of a pay down fee or other type of monetary compensation.

TECH TRANSFER LATO SENSU COVERS TWO MAIN DIFFERENT LEGAL SITUATIONS:

- transfer of IP proprietary rights (such as patent, trademark, design rights of copyright, ..)

transfer of non proprietary rights such as know-how or trade secrets
 legal mechanisms quite different in both instances ; combination possible
 SPECIAL AGREEMENTS: Know-how transfer - Franchising (licensing brand + business model) ; JV (e.g.: co-branding or R&D)

# **Technology Transfer Process Map**

#### **Project Implementation**

No

No

Company

setting

No

Commercialization

and trail production

QC be

confirmed

**Project Finished** 

and government

implementation

and

The process of IP listing,

company registration

sponsorship releasing

may diverge from TT

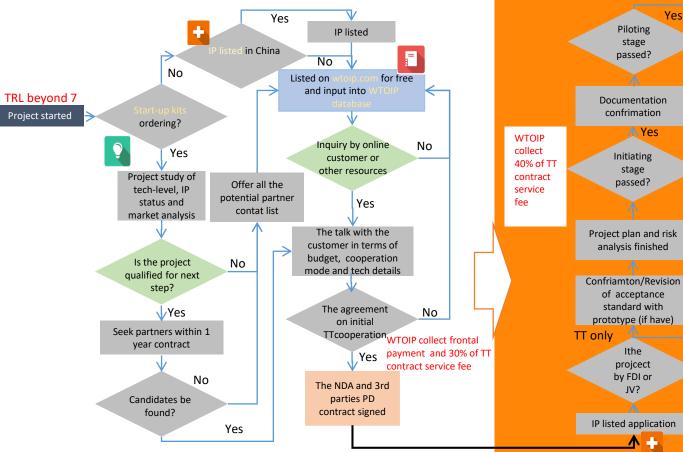
30% of TT

contract

collected

service

fee



#### **Understanding your Benefits & Risks**

#### TRANSFEROR

#### BENEFITS

- Receives cash and ROI on R&D efforts
- Neutralizes competitors by preventing them from developing alternative technologies
- May secure and/or expand market by unified tech offer (network economy and/technologies
- Accesses expertise local partner if reciprocity agreement (cross-licensing, ..)

#### RISKS

If transferee becomes competitor/improver If inappropriate use damages transferor's reputation If insufficiently mature technology or transferee involve transferor's liability  Security of using and selling an established technology with a proven track record (« minimized risks »)

TRANSFEREE

- Access to new and innovative technology to gain competitive edge (higher quality products, especially relevant to SMEs without in-house R&D debt
- Expansion of customer base
- Faster entry into new market

If freedom of exploitation of transferred technology challenged If technology is outdated If cost of transfer is too high If accompanying know-how is insufficient

#### WHY IPRs MATTER IN A TECH TRANSFER ?

COPYRIGHT (work must be creative, automatic protection, author's life + 50 years)
PATENT (invention solving a technical problem in a new and non-obvious manner and capable of practical application, granting 20-year monopoly)
DESIGN (new, original and recognizable and/or aesthetical pattern or shape)
TRADEMARK (sign must be possible, valid and available, 10 years indefinitely renewable): names, logos or symbols used to promote and sell the product in the marketplace (e.g.: Apple )
TRADE SECRET (business information that is not yet publicly known, has commercial value, subject to appropriate measures to maintain the secrecy, protected as long as remains secret)



#### **DUE DILIGENCE AND BUSINESS MODEL**

#### Find the right Partner:

Strong market study, Identify the competences, integrity, support needed, potential dependence. Do not pick a potential competitor, anticipate possible future developments through contracts.

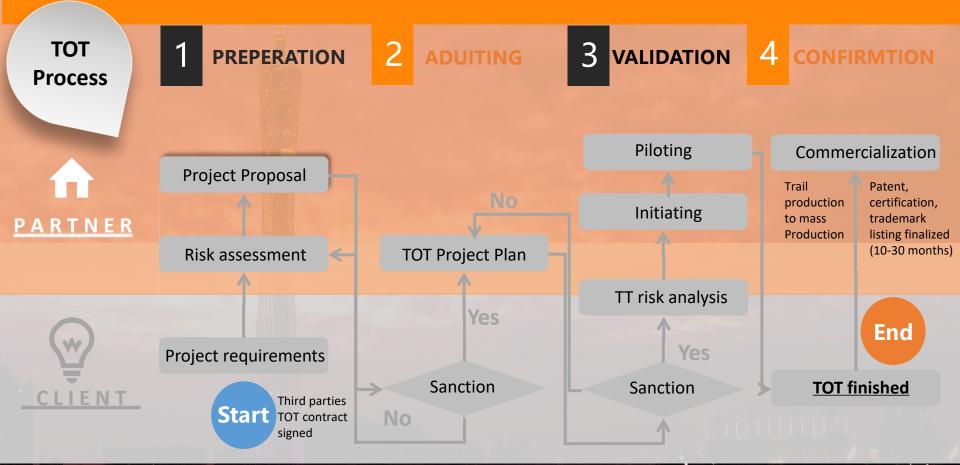
**Due Diligence:** Identify/review all assets of potential partners including IP (check if duly registered, verify the ownership, validity term, expiration dates, potential disputes)

**Negotiate and sign a NDA agreement:** Prevention is the key to protection. It is crucial that the company understands how to maintain and manage the secrecy of its valuable information by taking appropriate measures. Clearly define a) which information is confidential, scope, obligations, conditions of use and methods to maintain the secrecy so there is no room to deny any violation or infringement and b) which documents containing the above information are subject to confidentiality. Determine to which extent the person is exposed to sensitive information. Determine the legal consequences of disclosing/using it without the company's prior consent

#### Checklist

- 1) What is the overall business strategy?
- 2) Which IP assets are essential to driving the business forward?
- 3) Are the key assets protected by registration?
- 4) Should the R&D function be in China or in Europe?
- 5) Can manufacturing/processing operations be structured so that no Chinese partner has access to all IP necessary to replicate your business?
- 6) If some IP cannot be protected in China, is it worth getting practical support for its protection by licensing a Chinese business to use that part?
- 7) Are the IP assets owned by one company in the group and licensed to the others?





#### **TO DO list**

- **1.** Build a strong proactive IP policy
- at home and in the target countries
- early priority filing of IPR and recording of KHs 2.- Pre-analyze
- market study, IP surveys and due diligence
- **2. Understand specificities in target country** (ex. : China high competition; prevalent public action; huge market, partners potentially too smart or too unprepared; patriotism..)
- **3.** Prepare negotiations
- NDAs
- build a strategy and a roadmap (be proactive)
- 4. Strategic safe harbors and tight monitoring of partners
- contract management (incl. R&D; employment contracts)
- enforce

## **Government Policies**

http://en.wtoip.com/service/chinesepolicy/index.html

 VAT rebate 15%-17% per item
 Funding support RMB50K per item Science and technology bureau

Indus rial park settled preferential policies

 Central and local governments offer special policies in the field of tax reduction, starring rebate and land use right for foreign enterprise

Designation of High and New Technology product IP management system certification

 Funding support RMB50K (Basic), Maximum RMB200K
 Intellectual property office

- If the R & D expenses fail to form intangible assets, the income tax shall be deducted according to 50% of the amount incurred
- Where intangible assets are formed, they shall be amortized before tax at 150% of the cost of intangible assets

R & D expense

Tax deduction

Designation of *High-tech* Enterprises

- **Listed more than 1 years,**
- Income tax reduction 40%
- Funding support than RMB50K
- Land, electricity, sewage, energy conservation, scientific research funds, taxation and other support policies

<u>Science and technology bureau</u> Note: The figures in this slide is from Guangzhou city and different

regions would be various. For details, pls contact our BD mangers





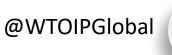
# Get in touch

### China local expertise available internationally











@WTOIPGLOBAL



WTOIP Global